ABSTRACT

Hosni Mubarak is formerly the fourth president of the Republic Egypt who has ruled for 30 years. At the end of his regime, Mubarak faced to demonstrators whom request Mubarak to step down from his chair. The demonstrators who took place in Tahrir Square (capital Cairo), widely across to all over districts in Egypt such as in Alexandria, Mansoura, Sinai, Suez, Damietta, Beni Suef and et cetera. The number of demonstrators increasing day by day and prove that this demonstration is going to democratization movement and civil society that affected by demonstration effects in Tunisia, the first country that faced demonstration to government and then as known as Arab Spring.

This thesis will describe how the democratization movement and civil society that affected by demonstrations effects in Tunisia finally succeed in falling down Mubarak’s regime in Egypt. Of course this demonstration could not stand by one reason, another reasons that make this demonstration happens are the number of poverty, number of unemployment, dictatorship governmental, corruption, social media (internet), the revolution in across nation, and international power. Thus cases which make this demonstration only need for 18 days.

Key Words: Democratization Movement, Civil Society, Demonstration Effects, Governmental System of Egypt, Tunisia’s Revolution and Arab Spring.