

ABSTRACT

The development of international socio-political dynamics in the globalization era are faced with various problems. One of the problems that occurred in several countries is the illegal migration of sanctuary seekers. In fact, the development of this problem could not be separated from the progress of the technological information which widespread and became strong influence for people of development countries to get a fortune in other country.

The majority of actors international migration assume that actions can make a better life for many reasons, including homeland security which that's not conducive, less economic chance, social pressure, etc. This is what caused the international illegal immigration mostly happened in developing countries, not in developed countries. One of the country which faced illegal immigration issues is Bangladesh. This country, Bangladesh since 2010 until 2012 become a destination place by illegal immigrants, to settle down in the period of time, or make a Bangladesh region as a transit place.

The existence of illegal immigrants in Bangladesh afterwards causes a lot of politic problem, such a vulnerability condition of social conflicts, security issues and others. For example about this problem is nuanced suspense of racial and religious sentiments between people of Moslem majority with the Buddhist minority in Bangladesh, create an economic gap, deterioration in relations of Bangladesh with Myanmar as neighboring countries, etc. In the deal with this, the government of Bangladesh under the leadership of president Zillur Rahman implement of various policies, including law enforcement, persuasive approach until regional cooperation. Descriptions of these policies will be described in detail in this study.